

Math 112

Second Midterm Exam

Instructions: This exam has a total of 100 points. You have 50 minutes. Please show your work, including the appropriate axiom or theorem if necessary. Please use bluebooks, and start a new page for each problem. The last part of the third question is a bonus, so save that for last.

- (15) 1. To begin the test, just answer the question - no reasons needed.
- (a) If $n = 31^2$, what is $\sigma(n)$?
 - (b) List all primes p such that $p \leq 31$.
 - (c) True or False: the ISBN 0-110-20021-6 is valid.
 - (d) Is the set $\{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, 29, 30\}$ a group under $(\text{mod } 31)$ multiplication?
- (30) 2. Here are some short answers - just be sure to show your work or explain your answers.
- (a) Describe the six elements of the non-commutative group we looked at in class. You do not need to show it is not commutative! Just describe the group in your own words or pictures.
 - (b) What is the definition of a composite number? Give an example and tell why it's composite.
 - (c) How is the Well-Ordering Principle used in the proof of the Euclidean algorithm? If you know what set it is applied to, that would be great to say.
 - (d) Is the group \mathbb{Z}_{11} cyclic? How about the group $U(11)$? If so, be sure to give generators!

- (15+5) 3. Time for work with various algorithms.
- (a) Use the Division Algorithm on the numbers $a = 306$ and $b = 12$. (Hint: Long Division)
 - (b) Now use the Euclidean Algorithm to find the GCD (306, 12).
 - (c) Now use the Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic to find the GCD.
 - (d) (Bonus) What is the order of the answer, as an element in $(\text{mod } 12)$ arithmetic?
- (20) 4. Prove one of the following items. You may use other theorems to prove these items.
- (a) If $m \geq 2$ and $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$, show that for any $c \in \mathbb{Z}$ we have $ac \equiv bc \pmod{m}$.
 - (b) Take three integers a, b, c . If $a|b$ and $a|c$, then $a|(b + c)$.
- (20) 5. The last section of the test! Show your work.
- (a) In the part of the previous problem which you did not prove, give a numerical example for it (e.g. if you proved the *first* part, then find a, b , and c such that the *second* part works).
 - (b) What is the order of \mathbb{Z}_6 ? What is the order of the element 4 in that group? What are the elements of $U(6)$? If 4 is in $U(6)$, then give the order of 4 in that group as well.
 - (c) Find the highest power of 2 dividing the number 12897192, as well as whether it is divisible by 3, 9, or 11. (It is not divisible by 5!)